Program Strand: (PS) People in Societies

- Gather and interpret information
- Explain how the world's people cope with the challenges of existence
- Respond to individual and cultural diversity
- Explore different racial, ethnic, religious, class and/or gender issues

Instructional Objectives:

The learner will . . .

- 1. Cite and explain at least one example each of social, economic, and political interdependence between 1600-1945.
- 2. Compare the social, political, and economic status of women and men in other countries from 1600 to 1945.
- 3. Analyze the social and economic impact of the transformation from an agrarian rural society to an industrialized urban society.
- 4. Explain how the United States has been influenced from its multicultural diversity.
- 5. Explore the roots of prejudice and identify ways of combating prejudice.
- 6. Examine reasons why people in various cultural groups preserve their culture while still participating in United States society and economy.
- 7. Identify ways to deal with the manifestations from given examples of prejudice.

- 1. Such as the Reformation, Inquisition, the Puritan migration to America, Dutch migration to South Africa, mercantilism, Imperialism persecutions of various groups.
 - Social Darwinism H. Spencer
- 2. Such as Asian, South Americans, Africans, Europeans
 - Compare the U.S. to Europe and Asia
- 3. For example, British Industrialization of 1850's, Japan industrialization starting 1873.
 - U.S. Industrial Revolution, Karl Marx H. Spencer
- 4. For example, music, foods, customs, vocabulary, and other areas such as inventions, literature, politics.
 - Cultural diffusion and acculturation, readings, and assignments
- 5. Such as writing a critical analysis of Republican formulas for affirmative action.
 - Study the impact of Apartheid in South Africa to the civil was in former Yugoslavia
 - Prejudice and discrimination labeling exercise
- 6. For example, students form groups within their class, do a simulation of different cultures, and examine through discussion why they group themselves as they do.
 - Subcultures many examples throughout course, cluster culture discussions, minority status (why the green star?)
- 7. Prejudice and discrimination labeling, exercise.

Program Strand: (PS) People in Societies

- Gather and interpret information
- Explain how the world's people cope with the challenges of existence
- Examine issues from multiple perspectives
- Respond to individual and cultural diversity
- Explore different racial, ethnic, religious, class and/or gender Issues.

Objectives:

The student will be able to: . . .

- 1. Consider the perspectives of carious cultures when analyzing current issues.
- 2. Create alternative scenarios to determine the impact and reaction of various cultures to propose solutions to current issues.
- 3. Justify proposed solutions to current issues from the perspectives of various cultural groups.
- 4. Examine reasons why people in various cultural groups preserve their culture while still participating in United States society and economy.
- 5. Demonstrate an ability to consider various perspectives of a given issue when researching and developing solutions to the issue.
- 6. Propose alternative solutions to problems associated with the issue.

- 1. Such as debate an issue from a different perspective than that of the participant, Ex: the legitimacy of affirmative action; the fairness of California's Proposition 187
 - Do this more in Government class.
 - Many current events discussions
 - Political spectrum exercises, etc.
- 2. Using the political spectrum, please create reaction characters on the issue, for ex: Should U.S. cut welfare to single women if they become pregnant?
- 3. Key word <u>justify</u> by culture: good jump into cultural relativity vs. ethnocentrism.
- 4. Such as students interviewing parents/grandparents regarding what cultural practices they have maintained and which they have abandoned. Have students attempt to determine the reason why these decisions were made.
- Have students map out and analyze the location of different clinic enclaves in their area.
- 5. Using the political spectrum, please create reaction characters on the issue, for ex: Should U.S. cut welfare to single women if they become pregnant?

Program Strand: (WI) World Interactions

- Gather and interpret information
- Use methods and skills drawn from geography
- Explore links people make as they attempt to address common problems.

Instructional Objectives:

The learner will . . .

- 1. Consider the perspectives of other nations when analyzing current issues that have international implications.
- 2. Describe human modifications of the physical environment that have had intended as well as unintended efforts and consider alternative approaches to dealing with the environment.

- 1. Current events discussions and extra credit reports —too topical for much else.
- 2. For example, Imperial Valley, Love Canal, Aswan Dam
 - No specific activities do this with Industrial Revolution, mark in change diagrams???

Program Strand: (DM) Decision Making and Resources

- Gather and interpret information
- Examine decisions individuals and societies make in addressing wants/needs

Instructional Objectiv The learner will	res:
	ast one example each of social, economic, and ence from 1600 to 1945 among nations of the world.

Comments/Suggestions

1. Do not do this large a scale better done by subcultures, minority, social class interdependence.

Program Strand: (AH) American Heritage

- Gather and interpret information on common, experiences, traditions, and habits we share.
- Use methods and skills drawn from the social studies.
- Explore how the U.S. was influenced by geography, and its political and economic systems.

Instructional Objectives: The learner will	
1. Create explanations of how current issues originated and developed.	

- 1. Such as develop a time line relating current issues to their historical antecedents.
 - Development of behaviorism

Program Strand: (PS) People in Societies

- Gather and interpret information
- Explain how the world's people cope with the challenges of existence
- Examine issues from multiple perspectives
- · Respond to individual and cultural diversity
- Explore different racial, ethnic, religious, class and/or gender issues

Instructional Objectives:

The learner will. . .

- 1. Explain how the United States has been influenced from its multicultural diversity.
- 2. Examine reasons why people in various cultural groups preserve their culture while still participating in United States society and economy.
- 3. Identify ways to deal with the manifestations from given examples of prejudice.
- 4. Create alternative scenarios to determine the impact and reaction of various cultures to proposed solutions to current issues.
- 5. Examine reasons why people in various cultural groups preserve their culture while still participating in United States society and economy.

- 1. For example, music, foods, customs, vocabulary.
 - Other areas such as Inventions, literature, politics.
 - History of psychology, learning styles, family norms.
- 2. For example, students form groups within their class, do a simulation of different cultures, and examine through discussion why they group themselves as they do.
 - Family theory
- 3. Defense mechanisms
- 4. Analyze current events as they relate to human behavior theories.
- 5. Such as students interviewing parents/grandparents regarding what maintained and which they have abandoned. Have students attempt to determine the reason why these decisions were made.
 - Have students map out and analyze the location of different ethnic enclaves in their area.
 - Interview using Erikson's Theory of Development.